

## Don Gardner's Watering Guidelines for Trees

Are your trees getting enough water to help them survive the drought? Longtime Consulting Arborist Don Gardner has developed a simple test to help you figure out how much water you should give your trees. All you need is a hand spade or small garden trowel.

- 1. Water on your usual schedule (hose, soaker hose, sprinklers, whatever).
  - If you haven't been watering, start with an hour in each "zone" or area of coverage under the tree's canopy.
- 2. The next day, dig down about 5 inches deep with a garden trowel. Feel the soil at the bottom of the hole. The soil should be moist down to 5 inches.
  - The soil should feel like the surface of a sponge that's been thoroughly wrung out, not too wet or muddy.
  - o If it's sopping wet, that's too much. Cut back on your next watering day.
  - o If the soil isn't moist at the bottom, add more time on your next watering day.
  - Keep adjusting your watering time until you're consistently getting the soil moist down to about five inches deep.
- 3. After you've established the optimal length of time, you're ready to cut back on the number of watering days. The number of days depends on the weather, temperature, site conditions and watering restrictions. Start with the following guidelines, using the five inch soil moisture test to keep you on track.
  - During cool weather (typically September May), if there has been no significant rainfall, water deeply every two months.
  - May through September, if there has been no rain, water deeply once a month.
  - O When the temperatures reach 100 degrees, water deeply every 2-3 weeks.
- 4. Trees planted within the last two years need more frequent watering:
  - September May: Water weekly if no rain that week.
  - June-August: Water 2-3 times per week if the water drains rapidly.
- Each time you water, move the sprinklers or hoses around under the tree so that the correct amount of water is applied everywhere under the canopy all the way to drip line.
  - If water use is restricted, then cover only the area under the outer half of the canopy (from drip line to a point halfway between trunk and drip line) where most of the fine water-absorbing roots are located.

## Don's tips for watering:

- Don prefers a small, inexpensive, round, flat sprinkler: yellow metal, about six inches in diameter, with one hole that sprays a cone-shaped fountain up in the air.
  - Set it to low flow so droplets are visible. Avoid turning the flow too high, as this
    creates a mist that evaporates quickly out of the air.
  - The goal is even moisture. Bubblers, hose-end soaking and soaker hoses reduce evaporation, but they don't distribute the water evenly over the root system.
- During very hot, dry weather, a thick layer of mulch can intercept most of the water before it reaches the ground. Old mulches can get crusty and even repel water. Break up the surface of the mulch or increase the water.
- Don recommends two inches of mulch, not three inches, for newly planted trees.
- Mature trees with mulch under them are more water-efficient than trees with grass.

Please note that these guidelines are for watering your trees, not your grass. Check with your lawn service or visit the City of Austin Water Conservation webpage <a href="http://www.ci.austin.tx.us/watercon/rainfall\_data.cfm">http://www.ci.austin.tx.us/watercon/rainfall\_data.cfm</a> to estimate your lawn watering needs.

Call 263-2586 for a personal assessment of the health of your trees by Arborist Don Gardner.

- ISA Certified Arborist TX-0228
- Registered Consulting Arborist #438
- Practicing arborist for 35 years
- Official arborist for the Texas Governor's Mansion for 27 years
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